國立中央大學99學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別:<u>水文與海洋科學研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生)</u> 科目:<u>應用數學 共 / 頁 第 / 頁</u> 本科考試禁用計算器 <u>*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答</u>

1. Solve
$$t \frac{dy}{dt} + y(t) + 4 = 0$$
 (15 points)

2. Solve the initial value problem (15 points)

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 0, \quad at \ t = 0 \cdots y = 1, \ dy/dt = -1$$

3. Solve the following systems of linear equations (10 points)

$$5x + 3y - 3z = -1$$

$$3x+2y-2z=-1$$

$$2x - y + 2z = 8$$

4. The position vector of a moving particle as a function of time is denoted as $\vec{r}(t)$, where $t \geq 0$ is the time. For the following $\vec{r}(t)$, please describe the trajectory, the velocity vector, the speed, and the acceleration vector of the particle:

a.
$$\vec{r}(t) = \sin t \, \vec{j}$$
 (15 points)

b.
$$\vec{r}(t) = 10e^{-t}i + 5e^{-t}\vec{j}$$
 (15 points)

- 5. A horizontal scalar field is given as $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 3y^2$. This scalar field is in balance with a vector field $\vec{v}(x, y)$ as $\nabla f + \vec{k} \times \vec{v} = 0$, where \vec{k} is the unit vector in z direction.
- a. find the gradient f at the point (2, 1) (5 points)
- b. find the vector $\vec{v}(2,1)$ (10 points)
- c. find $\nabla \times \vec{v}$ at the point (2, 1) (10 points)
- d. find $\nabla \bullet \vec{v}$ at the point (2, 1) (5 points)

